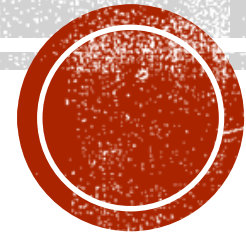
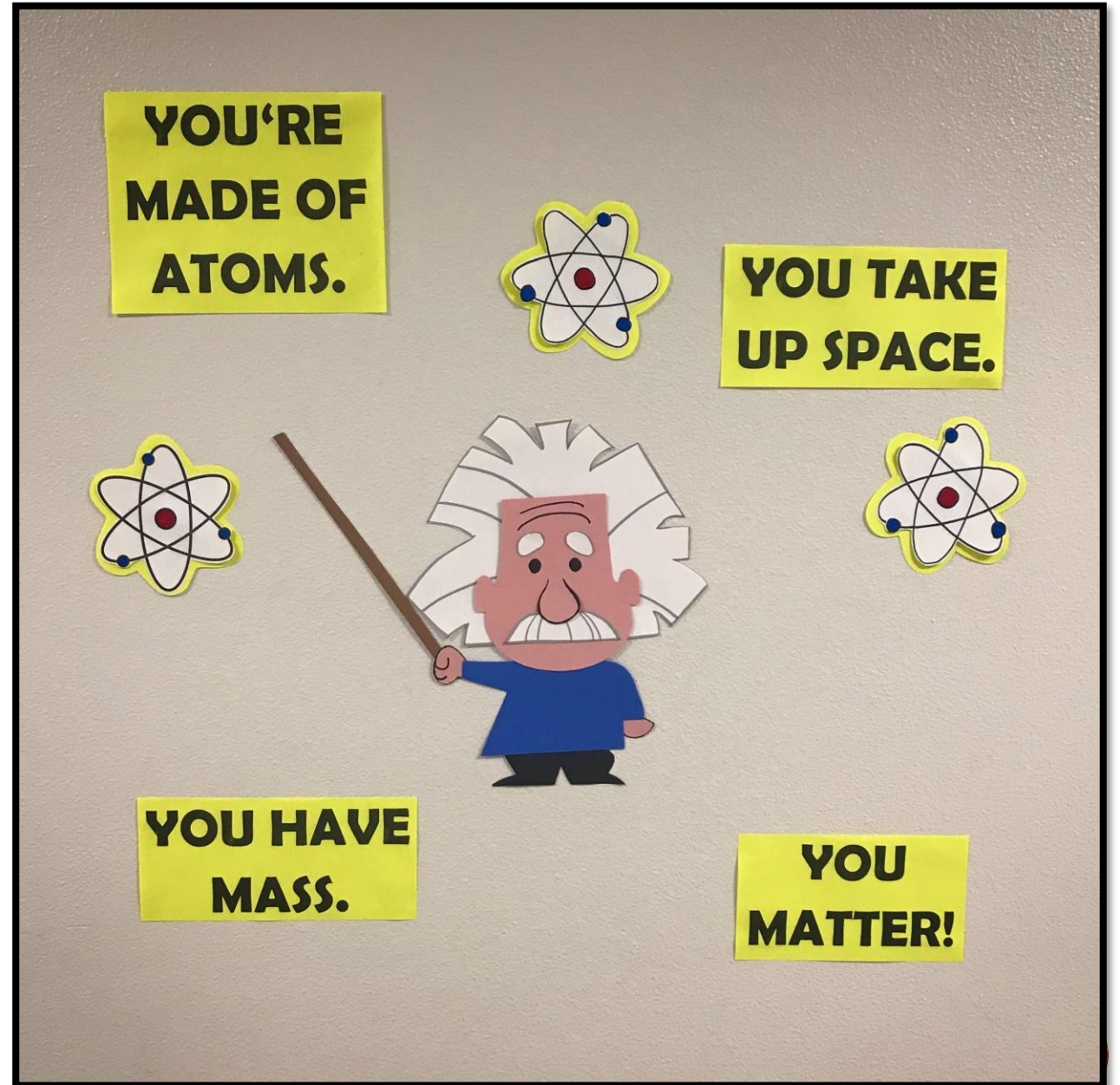


1.2 MASS



RECALL

- What is matter?
- **Anything that has mass and takes up space**



MASS

- Is a measurement of **HOW MUCH matter** is in a particular substance or object
- **IMPORTANT:** mass is not affected by gravity and therefore **does not change** from one place to another



**WAIT... THEN HOW
COME YOU WEIGH LESS
ON THE MOON?**



MASS

- **Mass:** is **how much matter you** have in you
 - How many particles
- **Weight:** the **force of pull** on matter caused by **gravity**
 - How strongly the object is being pulled by gravity



Mass vs Weight

Mass is a how much matter an object contains.

Weight is the force exerted on a mass by gravity.

Mass is a constant for a body and does not change with location.

Weight is not a constant. It changes from place to place.

The kilogram is a unit of mass.

The Newton is a unit of weight.

Weight

50 kg

110 lb

490 N



Mass

50 kg

110 lb

Technically, the pound is a unit of weight but not mass!



Weight

8 kg

18 lb

82 N

Mass stays the same on the moon, but **weight decreases!**

MEASURING MASS

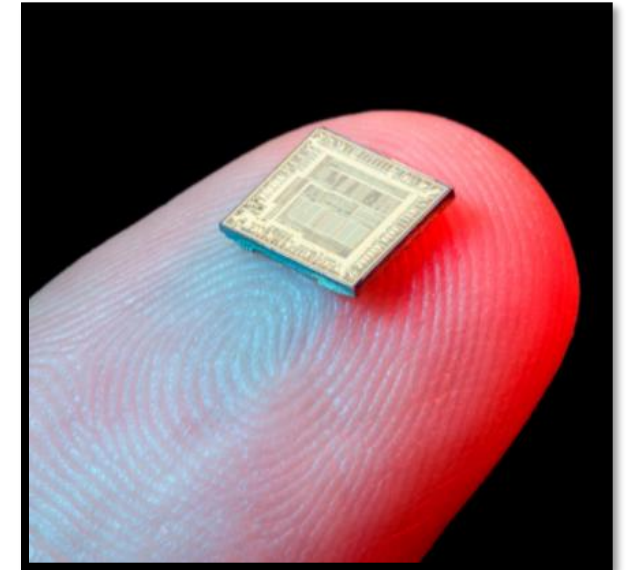
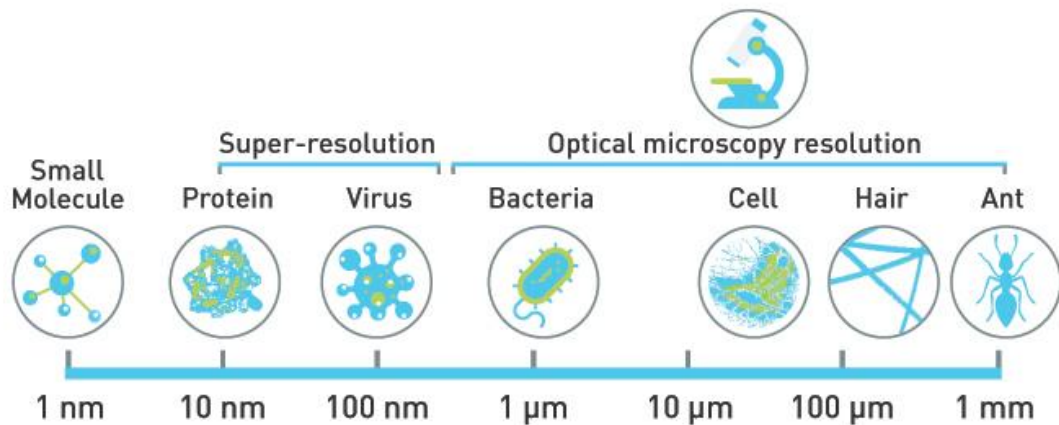
- The basic unit of measurement for mass is the **kilogram**
 - But we can also use **tonnes, grams, milligrams or even micrograms** depending on the size of the object



MICROGRAM (μg)

- This is used for **REALLY** tiny objects
 - Often ones that are **micro**scopic or just barely visible to the naked eye

The Limits of Resolution



MILLIGRAMS (mg)

- For slightly larger objects, one could use milligrams
 - Chances are, if you would measure it in mm then its mass should be in mg



GRAMS (g)

- Objects are getting slightly bigger but still quite light
 - Chances are, if you would measure it in cm then its mass should be in grams



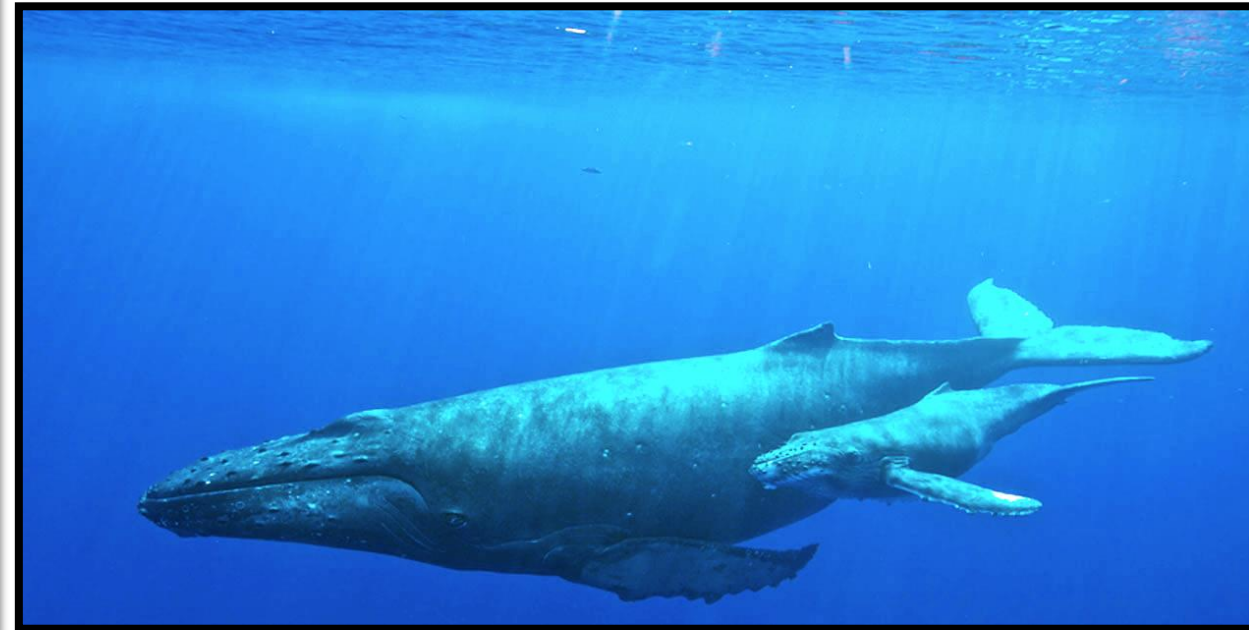
KILOGRAMS (kg)

- Most larger objects will be measured in kg
- The kilogram is generally the standard unit of measurement for mass in science



TONNES (t)

- For VERY large objects



HOW DO WE MEASURE MASS?

With a balance!





LET'S PRACTICE!

<https://www.wisc-online.com/learn/natural-science/chemistry/gch202/reading-a-triple-beam-balance>



WORKBOOK

p. 19-21

